Sprudel Salt.

a natural way.

SIR CHARLES TUPPER REMAINS. The Cabinet Crisis Ended-Manitoba's Legis.

will be introduced during the coming session of

that the matter will be left an open question, and that only the estimates will be submitted to

ARMENIAN OUTRAGES.

Boubt Thrown On the Accuracy of Recent

Reports England's Attitude.

LONDON, March 29.-The Telegraph Daily

Each paper relates the same tale, even describ-

ing the same incidents, sometimes in identical

language. These stories are repeated in these

of the Government in connection with the matter, he said, was to make secure the lives, honor, and property of the Armenians.

Sir Philip Currie, British Ambassador to Turkey, the foreign Minister said, had informed him that his diplomatic colleagues in Constantinople were in favor of a reform in regard to the publication of consular reports. Such publication would not further the object desired, as diplomatic negotiations were now proceeding. The Government, his lordship informed the deputation, would give every attention to the reforms which should be enforced in Armenia and which he believed would be also for the interest of the Sultan.

HARD TIMES FOR OCEAN LINERS.

Chairman Burns Says 1894 Was Severe on

LIVERPOOL, March 29.—At the annual meeting of the Cunard Steamship Company, held

here to-day, Chairman Burns said that Atlantic

shipping during the year 1894 had had a most

severe time. The deficiency, as compared with

BISMARCK FESTIVITIES.

The Prince Says Ho Will Be Glad When It

BURLIN, March 20. - Prince Bismarck said yes

terday, in conversation with an architect visit-

ing him in Friedrichsruh:
"I shall be glad when the birthday week is

BUDAPEST, March 20. Seven of the eight

duels arranged between the election officer

Tarnoczy and deputies have been settled amica-bly. Mutual apologies were offered for the abu-sive language which provoked the challenges.

having been amicably settled.

FEDERAL JUDGES EXEMPT.

THEY DECLARE THEY ARE NOT SUBJECT TO THE INCOME TAX.

n 1863 Juntices of the Supreme Court Unanimously Decided that They Were Exempt, but Paid the Tax Under Protest The Amount Paid Subsequently Credtted to Them on the Books of the Treasury

WASHINGTON, March 29. The endorsement of energium made under the Income Tax law to the collector of Internal Revenue by Judge Hughes t the Federal Court for the Eastern District of Virginia, to the effect that he receives no income except his salary as Judge, and that under the Constitution he was exempt from taxation thereon, has aroused a new interest in the inquiry as to whether the revenue officials will undertake to collect the tax upon their salaries from members of the Federal judiciary. The law makes no exemptions in favor of any official, except that State, county, and municipal officers are not to be assessed apon their incomes as such officers, whether sal and subsequent years made no excention of Instice Bradley dissenting) held in the case of Buffinton vs. Day, that Congress had not the right or the power to tax the income which States or municipalities paid their officers. Mr. Justice Bradley observed in his dissent that he could see no reason way the Government should not tax the incomes of State officials as well as

There is an interesting listory connected with the operations of the several laws of 1861-68. ledges, which has passed out of the recollection terted. When the law first went into effect the Treasury Department construed it to embrace the Judges of the Federal courts, and early in 1863 the tax was deducted from their several salaries. The members of the Supreme Court, in conference, considered the subject, and unanimously decided that under section 1, Article III. of the Constitution they were not subject to the tax. That section provides that the salaries of Federal Judges shall not be the salaries of Federal Judges shall not be diminished during their term of office. But they also decided, in view of the exigencies of the times, the country being at war, to cantent themselves with protesting, through a letter by Chief Justice Tancy to Secretary thase, against the ruling of the department. The protest was spread on the minutes of the court and placed on the files of the Treasury Department. No further action was taken, and the follection of the tax was continued.

When Benjamin H. Bristo was Solicitor-feneral he advised the Treasury officials to refund the tax collected from the Federal Judges, but no action was taken until 1872, when the secounts of the various Judges were restated by the accounting officers of the Department in accordance with the terms of the Act of that year, and the responsible officials accepted this restatement, which was voluntarily made by the accounting officers, as a full compliance with the requirements of the law, and drafts for the amounts paid by the various Judges were made out and sent to them or their legal representatives. There were four exceptions to this rule, the drafts in their cases having been stolen from the mail by a department employee, so that the payces never received the drafts. In several other cases the payces, for some unexplained reason, also failed to receive the drafts, so that in 1888 the books of the Treasury showed the following credits to the Judges named on account of income tax illectily collected:

J. M. Wayne, Supreme Court, Morristown, diminished during their term of office. But nt of income tax fines.
Wayne, Supreme Court, Morristown.
\$1,128 97 Boynton, Southern District Florida, Key

est id McDonaid, Indiana, Indianapolis z. W. Baldwin, Nevada, Nevada City W. Lane, Northern Alabama, W. Wells, Western Missouri, Jefferson eles. tthew Harvey, New Hampshire, Hopkinton.
Williams, Kansas, Leavenworth
N. Crawford, District of Columbia,
James S. Morsell, District of Columbia,
John Catron. Tennessee
Jahrt S. White, Indians, Lebanon.
Matil. McAllister.
Pilmon Dickerson.

as paid the money set out as due in the list

THE HOLLAND DIAMOND CUITERS.

Now Awaiting a Hearing. WASHINGTON, March 29.-Commissioner-

General Stump has returned from New York. where he was called in connection with the deortation of the Holland diamond cutters. Of the 125 diamond cutters who came to this country on the Majestic 120 have been ordered landed upon giving proper security. Five were debarred and ordered deported to-morrow, but this morning the Belgian Minister, Mr. Alfred

this morning the Belgian Minister, Mr. Alfred Le Chait, called at the Treasury Department and served notice of a rehearing, which will specate to postpone their deportation.

The thirteen diamond cutters who arrived on the Westerniand are debarred and are now availing a hearing. Acting Secretary Hamlin, sitting with Commissioner-General Stump, gave a hearing to Mr. James of Clucionati at 12 clock to-day. He, as attorney for diamond manufacturers of that city, protested against the men being debarred as contract laborers or as likely to become public charges, and argued that it was in restraint of trade to keep them out of the country.

Labor organizations are actively antagonizing the construction placed upon the law and the freent Treasury decision that will permit the landing of foreign diamond cutters, they alleging that it will have the effect to reduce the scale of wages.

Frederick Douglass's Will. Washington, March 29.—The will of the late Frederick Douglass was filed with the Register Ast Tuesday by Rosetta Sprague, daughter of H. Houglass, one of the sons, to disclose the extent of the cetate. The will is a document of two typewritten pages, and is dated Aug. 30, To his wife he leaves the estate situated law. To his wife he leaves the estate situated hear this city, with all of the furnishings, and also bequesths her his writings, books, pictures, paintings, horses, carriages, &c.; \$10,000 in money are given to his daughier, Rosetta Sprague, and to his ans Lewin, Frederick, and Charles Douglas the remainder of his property, each to receive an equal share, which, says the will, will amount to about \$15,000 each. The will bears the signatures of only two witnesses, while the law of the District require three. The validity of the will is likely to be questioned.

Catholic and Protestant Preachers Unite On Religious Exercises for Schools. ANSONIA, Conn., March 29.-The Board of form of religious exercises in the public schools. At its last meeting the Board was compelled by public opinion to write to the clergymen of all denominations to unite in recommending some suitable form of prayer for opening school services each day. The meeting was held this afternoon and attended by Protestant and Catholic clergymen. There was harmonious action, and it was unanimously voted to recommend the lord's Prayer as found in the sixth chapter of St. Matthew.

Against Carrying Mails on Street Cars. inston. March 29. In the Senate to-day the Committee on Street Railways reported against a petition to allow street railways to make con-tracts to carry United States mails or to carry freight, merchandiae, and express packages.

Beeber Must Walt for His March Salary. broner Hoeber will not draw his March salary to-day, for Corporation Counsel Scott's epinion as to whether fir. Hosber can receive pay from the city while holding the Federal apparament of pension surgeon will not be given. Mr. Scott told the Coroner yesterday that the decision would probably be in his favor.

"Pike's Peak or Bust!" Puzzle.

COLLEGE MEN MEET.

A Reception in Monor of the President of Johns Hopkins University.

A number of representative college men gathered at the Hotel Brunswick last night to meet President Daniel C. Gilman of Johns Hopkins University at a reception given for President Gilman by the New York alumni. Most of the colleges in this part of the country were represented by prominent alumnis. There was no formal aspect to the reception except a brief speech of congratulation to President Gilman by Proff Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia College and President Gilman's speech in reply.

He said in part: "More potent than money or than leaders has been the progress of science, the effects of which are felt in every branch of learning. Philology, archicology, history, economics, psychology are all taught in these days by rigorous scientific methods. Investigation and inquiry are prosecuted in seminaries, just as laboratory methods are dominant (in contrast with lecture methods in physics, mechanics, electricity, chemistry, geology, pathology, physiology, and other subjects. In all this progressive work the Johns Hopkins University claims to have had its share. It began with the distinct purpose Hopkins University claims to have had its share. It began with the distinct purpose of aiding in the advancement of knowledge, as well as in the education of youth. Its funds were not expended in showy buildings, but in salaries, books, and apparatus. It claimed that nothing should be rejected because it was old, and nothing because it was now; that literature and science, the works of nature and the works of man, were all worthy of profound atudy; that there was no hostility between the different branches of knowledge, and none between knowledge and religion. It is enough for a company of Johns Hopkins men to know that the work at Baltimore is now in progress with increased vigor. Within a short period a laboratory for geological and mineralogical work has been organized. An admirable hall devoted to the general library and to the study of literature and history has been opened. More important still, the Johns Hopkins Medical School has begun its instructions under an able faculty, who receive none as candidates for the degrae of doctor of medicine unless they have had a previous college training, and then offer to them a systematic course, four years in length, in which laboratory work is a characteristic feature, with opportunities, as the work progresses, for observing the treatment of the

to them a systematic course, four years in length, in which laboratory work is a characteristic feature, with opportunities, as the work progresses, for observing the treatment of the suffering in the great hospital which was also founded by Johns Hopkins."

Among those present at the reception were President Henry Morton of Sievens Institute, Henry E. Howland, President of the Yale Alumni Association; Edward King, President of the Haryard Alumni Association: James W. Alexander, President of the University Club; Gen. Alexander, President of the University Club; Gen. Alexander, Swebb, President of the College of the City of New York; Dr. Austin Abbott, Dean of the law department, of the University of New York; President J. G. Schurman of Cornell University; Dr. Henry M. McCracken; President Austin Scott of Rutgers College; Prof. Charles S. Hastings of Yale College; Prof. Charles S. Hastings of Yale College; Prof. Charles Scribner, the Rev. Henry Van Dyke, Robert Bridges, Esq., Dr. Warner S. Harvey, Dr. Herman M. Briggs, Horace White, Carl Schurz, and Dr. Lyman Abbott.

The Trouble on the Cruiser Yorktown-the

Amphitrite Ready for Service. WASHINGTON, March 29,-Official advices to the Navy Department this morning from the Asiatic squadron bring the result of the trouble on the cruiser Yorktown, preliminary accounts spatches of March 20. Commander Folger had intoxication, and pending the presentation of charges to Admiral Carpenter against the paymaster the Commander had offered to let the matter drop if Webster would withdraw serious charges he had made against the coxswain of

to place the cruiser Chicago out of commission moved and have the vessel ready to be put in ordinary preparatory to being overhauled and fitted with entire new machinery. Her commander, Capt. A. T. Mahan, is then detached and receives two months' leave of absence, and leave is also given most of the other officers after their extended cruise in European waters Lieutenant-Commander Richardson Clover, executive, and Lieut. A. P. Nazro, navigator. are both detached and three months' leave granted them. Lieut. H. M. Hodges and Lieut. J. H. Gibbons, Ensigns W. A. Moffat and C. Balley are detached and ordered to prepare for further sea service. The following are also detached and three months' leave granted them: Lieut. A. L. Norton, Passed Assistant Engineer A. B. Canaga, Chief Engineer L. Allen, Surgeon J. S. Mackle, Passed Assistant Engineer A. B. Canaga, Chief Engineer L. Allen, Surgeon J. S. Mackle, Passed Assistant Surgeon E. R. Stitt, and Assistant Surgeon J. S. Lays. Pay Inspector F. S. Kenney is detached, ordered to settle accounts and awalt orders, and two months' leave granted him. Naval Cadets F. H. Clarke, W. S. Montgomery, and J. R. Morris are ordered to the receiving ship Vermont. Chaplain F. F. Sherman is detached, and three months' leave granted him. Assistant Engineer Henry G. Leopold is detached from the post survey steamer Patterson and ordered to the Monterey. Assistant Engineer S. E. Mosse is detached from the Montgomery and ordered to the Patterson.

The following army orders are issued:
Second Lieut. George Blakely. Second Artillers, will report to the President of the Board of Officers, appointed to meet at the Army building, New York city, April 2, for examination with a view to a selection for transfer to the Ordnance Department.

The sextension of leave of absence on account of sickness granted Lieut.-Col. Joseph R. Gibson, Deputy Surgeon-General, is still further extended six months on surgeon's certificate of disability.

Special order as directs Second Lieut. James granted them. Lieut. H. M. Hodges and

extended six months on surgeon's certificate of disability.

Special order as directs Second Lieut, James R. Lindsay, Fourteenth Infantry, to report to the President of the Board of Officers appointed to meet at the Army building. New York city, April 2, for examination, with a view to a selection for transfer to the Ordnance Department, is at his own request revoked.

Leave of absence for three months, to take effect on the expiration of his present sick leave, with permission to leave the United States during May and June, is granted Capt, William C. Shannon, Assistant Surgeon.

Six Resign Because of Trouble About a

HACKENSACK, N. J., March 29 .- A bicycle race and the price of the badge presented to the victor was the cause of six of the best-known members of the Oritani Field Club resigning this week, and is the subject of sharp criticism of the Board of Governors.

The race took place on election day on Teaneck road, and A. B. Cameron of Jersey City won and carried the winner's badge home on his breast. The maker of the badge sent a bill to the Field Club for \$16.50, which the Board of Governors repudiated. In writing to the badge maker Mr. John F. Hinds, the Corresponding Secretary, said that Mr. Leonard Kirby had exceeded his authority in ordering the medal, and referred him to Kirby for payment.

When Mr. Kirby learned of this he became indignant. He said he had ordered the badge at the request of the Chairman of the Clycling Committee, the badge was presented in the name of the club, and it was but fair that the club should pay the bill. A majority of the Board of Governors declared that it would be eatablishing a bad precedent to assume such an obligation, and voted it down.

Thereupon Mr. Kirby paid for the badge and this week sent in his resignation. R. A. Hewitt and A. H. Kent, charter members of the Field Club, J. C. Kent, J. E. Kent, and G. P. Griffith, all brothers-in-law of Mr. Kirby took the same method of expressing their disapproval.

Griffiths and Kirby are enthusiastic wheelmen and made an effort some time ago to establish a cycling annex to the Oritani, but received frigid discouragement. A few weeks since they organized the Hackensack Wiselmen, which now number nearly one hundred members. won and carried the winner's badge home on hi

LIVE WASHINGTON TOPICS.

THE PLAN TO FACILITATE THE DELIVERY OF MAILS IN CITIES.

It Is Proposed to Attach Mail Cars to Street Rallroad Lines-A Farmer Re quests the President to Call an Extra Session of Congress to Take Measures to Prevent a Strike Among His Laborers,

WASHINGTON, March 29.-Second Assistant Postmaster-General Neilson expects to go to Boston next Monday to confer with the street railroad companies in the interest of improving the mail facilities of that city. His visit to Boston is in line with his recent trip to New York, and it is in connection with the employment of the street railroads in the collection and distribution of the mails. Gen. Neilson will probably visit several other New England cities on the same business before returning to Washington. The Post Office Department has embarked in this business of invoking the assistance of the street railroads to expedite the handling of the mails in the principal cities, and proposes to give the new system a thorough trial. In connection with the proposition pending to attach mail cars to the Broadway and Third avenue lines, New York city, Gen. Neilson says that the companies are still figuring on the cost of constructing and equipfiguring on the cost of constructing and equipping the cars necessary to perform the service. In answer to the objections raised against the proposed system, on the ground that delays through blocking or accidents may occur, Gen. Neilson says that similar objections might be raised against the present system of collection and delivery. Blockades and tie-ups are liable to occur on steam railways, but, nevertheless, the mails are successfully transported all over the world daily. This may be said of the street railway system. Notwithstanding the fact that accidents are liable to happen or delays occur on the numerous street car lines in New York city, the public keep right on patronizing them every day, taking chances of avoiding the interruptions suggested by those who would oppose the new system.

contains some of the most remarkable com-munications that were probably ever indited, munications that were probably ever indiced, and if he acted upon the suggestions of one-third of them Congress would be continued in assistent the year round, and the Tariff bill constantly undergoing revision. The greater part of the queer letters are from fanatics, who urgall sorts of remedial legislation to correct what they believe to be existing evils of Government or the distress that has been brought about through the inaction of Congress. The strangest of all letters was received a few days ago from a farmer living in one of the Western States, who asks for an immediate session of Congress to prevent a strike which he believes impress to prevent a strike which he believes impress to prevent a strike which he believes impress to prevent a strike which he believes im-

of the Senate will be reorganized, and a new Chairman selected when that body again meets, but this reorganization, it is contended by the friends of Senator Morrill, the ranking Repub-lican and former Chairman, will not be made in opposition to the wishes of the Nestor of the matter drop if Webster would withdraw serious charges he had made against the conswain of the Commander's gig. When Admiral Carpenter learned of this he ordered a court of inquiry, instead of the court martial desired by the Commander. The latest advices show that this court failed to sustain Commander Folger, as is shown by the following extract from the Admiral's order directed to him:

"The court was then cleared, and, after due deliberation, reports that the evidence does not sustain the charges made by Commander William M. Folger, U. S. N., against Passed Assistant Paymaster E. B. Webster, U. S. N., of being decidedly under the influence of liquor on the side of February last; that the conduct of the secused in other respects was not culpable, and that no further unceedings are necessary or advisable. In view of the opinion expressed by the court, you will fully restore Passed Assistant Paymaster Webster to duty, and will inform more the report and obinion of the court."

Secretary Herbert has issued an order directing that the long term men of the cruiser Chicago or the work on the Amphitrite which will take the piace of the Chicago on the North Atlantic station.

Work on the Amphitrite was begun some twenty-live years ago, and she has just been given at the Norfolk Navy Yard.

Army and Navy Orders.

Washington, March 29.—Orders have been given at the Navy Department to Commodore Schley, commanding the New York Navy Yard, to place the cruiser Chicago out of commission, where they washed the the station.

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In the object the silver men will not be

The recent activity of Senator Brice, ex-Gov. Campbell, and the Hon. Tom Johnson of Ohio, regarding the appointments of Postmasters at Cincinnati and Cleveland, O., has brought mat-

Fourth-class Postmasters were to-day ap-New Jersey-Mrs. Sarah Flummerfelt, Polkville, vice A. A. Flummerfelt, dead. New York-W. C. Cottrell, Poestenkill, vice Edgar Lynd, removed.

Mr. Hamlin, who has been laid up with an at-tack of the grip, has recovered, and to-day re-sumed his duties as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.
Assistant Secretary Wike has recovered from a severe cold and resumed his duties at the Treasury.

Mrs. Lamadrid's Accounts Correct. William Cauldwell, C. F. Frothingham, and investigate the accounts of Mrs. Clementine Investigate the accounts of Mrs. Clementine Lamadrid, manager of the St. Andrew's coffee stands, report that her financial statements are correct and that the charity is a worthy one. Postmaster Dayton, treasurer of the fund, had the investigation made in order to satisfy certain complaints that had been made against Mrs. Lamadrid.

Buffalo

Nater

Nater

Chronic Bright's Disease of the Kidneys—Its Distinct grating or Solvent Power in Urinary Calculi.

Alfred L. Loomis In Chronic Bright's Disease

Dr. Alfred L. Loomis,

Professor of Pathology and Practical Medicine in the Medical Department of the University of New York: "For the past four years I have used

Buffalo Lithia Water in the treatment of Chronic Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, occurring in Conty and Rhenmatic subjects, with marked benefit."

Dr. W. H. Drummond,

Professor Medical Jurisprudence, Bishop's University, Montreal, Canada;
"In several cases of Frinary Calenti-Vesical Ferination, &c., recently under my care I have ad-

"I shall be glad when the birthday week is over. I ought to have been on horseback when the Emperor came, but I cannot manage it now. My bones are too stiff. I cannot get my leg over the horse's back."

The enormous influx of vistors in Friedrichsruh continues. The number of students on April I will be much greater than at first expected.

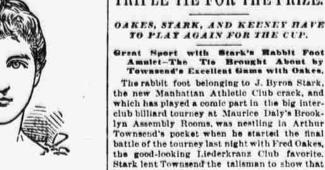
The Post denies the report that the Emperor will receive the new officers of the Reichstag. It confirms the announcements that a court dinner in Hismarck's honor will be given on April I, and that the Emperor will attend the Bismarck Commers in the evening.

MUNICH, March 29.—On the occasion of a court dinner to be given in honor of Prince Bismarck's birthday on April I, Prince Luitpold, Regent of Bavaria, will send an autograph letter to Prince Bismarck enclosing a set of congratulations signed by the members of the Bavarian Ministry. Buffalo Lithia Water with wonderful success, and in one particular instance when the patient was sufficing most neutral pain and distress with forked urinary stream and all the symptoms of a large calculus eatire reflect was experienced in eight days; the disintegrated portions of stone passing away without any difficulty. In this class of cases the

Buffalo Lithia Water certainly has a remarkable effect in breaking up into debris the various masses of stone. It seems to me that a freer use of this marrellous water would obviate many a case of Lithotomy and Lithototty."

THOMAS F. GOODE, Proprietor, Bufulo Lithia Springs, Va. PARK & TILFORD, EISNER & MENDEL ON CO. ACKER, MERRALL & CONDIT, New York City, Gen'l Agenta.





he was rooting for him. Townsend had to play 350 to Oakes's 250, and, If he succeeded in beating the latter clever amaa clear skin, a clear head, a clear teur, he knew Stark and Keeney would have a system-come from the Carlsbad chance to capture the Brunswick silver from Oakes on a triple tie. The private billiard academy was jammed chock full of bil-Partly, because of its cleansing,

purifying action upon the blood, liard lovers anxious to enjoy the closing combat and because of its solvent, Both men smoked thick and strong clears and

strengthening, stimulating action gnawed and gnawed incessantly at the ends. upon the liver, kidneys, stomach, Townsend peeled off his collar early in the engagement to keep cool. Oakes kept putting together little bunches of singles, but some of the billiards were hot stuff to run against, and, and bowels. It brings them back to a healthy, natural condition, in a natural way.

Habitual constipation, biliousness, loss of appetite, defective nutrition, dyspepsia—every one of these has a time-tried remedy in the Carlsbad Sprudel Salt. It is the actual water of the Sprudel Spring, solidified and put into powder form on the spot. For chronic catarrh of the stomach and other stomachic diseases, use the imported Carlsbad Sprudel Sprudel Water, and add a small dose of the Carlsbad Sprudel Salt to a tumblerful of the water whenever a laxative action is desired.

Insist upon the genuine article,

heavily handicapped as he was, the scratch man of the St. Joseph's Lyceum Club had his hands full in trying to keep Oakes in check. Oakes again displayed his marked skill in play with the bridge. Townsend, playing a deal of safety, swung around his first wire with 105 to Oakes's 58, thus holding his handicapped in his hands full in trying to keep Oakes in check. Oakes again displayed his marked skill in play with the bridge. Townsend, playing a deal of safety, swung around his first wire with 105 to Oakes's 58, thus holding his handicapped as he was, the scratch whenever and his hands full in trying to keep Oakes in check. Oakes again displayed his marked skill in play with the bridge. Townsend, playing a deal of safety, swung around his first wire with 105 to Oakes's 58, thus holding his handicap well in hand. One of his long draws made the billiari. It was an extremely blue outlook for the tourney favorite, and a highly encouraging prospect for his rival. Oakes made a long draws made the billiari. It was an extremely blue outlook for the tourney favorite, and a highly encouraging prospect for his rival. Oakes made a long draws made the billiari. It was an extremely blue outlook for the tourney favorite, and a highly encouraging prospect for his rival. Oakes made a long draws made the billiari. It was an extremely blue outlook for the tourney favorite, and a highly encouraging prospect for his rival. Oakes made a long draws made the billiari.

It was an extremely blue outlook for the heavily handicapped as he was the scratch man of the St. Joseph's Lyceum Club had

Insist upon the genuine article, which must have the signature of

"EISNER & MENDELSON Co., Agts., New York," on every bottle -Adv.

OTTAWA, March 29.-The Dominion Cabinet crisis is ended. Sir Charles Tupper has returned to active work in the Cabinet, the difficulties between himself and Premier Bowell It is said the conditions on which Sir Charles surrendered are that no Government measure

Averages—Townsend, 50; Oakes, 20.

Buth Run—Townsend, 50; Oakes, 20.

Berferee—Mr. Gallagher. Marker—P. Floyd.

It was a popular victory, for it made the longed-for triple tie. J. Byron Stark had the rabbit's foot phylactery safely stowed away in his own left tronsers pocket when he crossed cues late on Thursday night with William Barnard of the Montauk Club. The New York expert was handicapped at 300 to 265, but all those enamored of talismans were dead sure that Stark would win. And he did win, too, in bang-up shape. There was a lot to stir the enthusiasm of billiard lovers, and more safety play and masséing than in any of the previous cue combats. Stark woo by 300 to 202, which gave him a chance to tie for the cup. Averages—Stark, 5–5-11; Barnard, 3, 20-27, High runs—Stark, 28; Barnard, 20. Referee, Tom Gallagher; marker, Mr. Floyd.

Dr. Jennings's long single cushion carroms and deft nursing in the corners was the pretty part of the opening game last night, when he had his parting tourney battle with Dr. Miller, the expert of the New York Club. Dr. Miller's best efforts were his drives and draw shots for position. A claim of foul he made on the ground that Jennings hisyed with the wrong ball, was ruled out by Referee Gallagher, because a spectator gave Dr. Miller the pin a loud whisper.

The finish was close and hotly enough contested to satisfy the most violent enthusiast. A back-handed draw by Jennings, the entire length of the table, was by far the greatest shot of the tourney. Dr. Miller inally won, beating the other Doctor by 35 points even up. Averages—Miller, 5, 35-45; Jennings, 5. High runs—Jennings, 32: Miller, 39, Referee—Tom Gallagher. Marker—Mr. Floyd.

To-night Stark and Keeney will play off one tie. appeal to the country after proroguing. Sir Charles was at his office in the Department of Justice to-day.

WINNIPEO, March 20.—No amendment was offered this afternoon to the motion of the Government of adjournment of the House to consider the school question, and the Legislature accordingly adjourned to May 9. In the mean time the question will not be let alone, as it is proposed to hold meetings to get the feeling of the farmers on the question.

A Cabinet Minister in an interview denied the statement that the supporters of the Government are divided as to the line of action to be adopted in respect to the remedial order. They were united for national schools. When the house meets it will be for the purpose of discussing the remedial order and drafting a reply to the Governor-General in council, and that object will unquestionably be carried out. It is understood the policy of the opposition will be to declare for the secularization of all the schools when the Legislature meets.

A \$1,000 CUP FOR GOLFERS

Offered by Theodore A. Havemeyer for the U. S. Amateur Champtonship. A meeting of the Executive Committee of the United States Golf Association was held at the residence of Mr. T. A. Havemeyer, 244 Madison avenue, on Thursday evening, the following members of the committee being present: T. A. Havemeyer, H. O. Talimadge, S. L. Parrish, and Laurence Curtis, A letter from Mr. C. B. Macdonald, Chairman Committee on Rules, was read, and after some discussion rules 18 and 29 were aftered so as to read as follows: cial newspapers all assert that they have agents in Armenia inquiring into the atrocities there.

were aftered so as to read as follows:
Rule 18. When a bail is completely covered with
grass, bushes, hedges, trees, or foliage, only so much
haves view of bis ball heforthe plays, whether in
line with the hole or otherwise.
Bule 29. A ball must be played wherever it lies, or
may under a penalty or two strokes he lifted out of a
difficulty of any description and teed behind the same. Rule 18 formerly read.

When a ball is completely covered with fog, bent, whins, &c., only so much thereof shall be set aside as that the pleayer shall have a view of his ball before he plays, whether in a line with the hole or otherwise. While rule 29 said:

newsnapers until they have become stale. The United Press learns that one of the correspondents who is alleged to be in Armenia got only as far as Kars, and another was only able to get a few miles beyond Trebizond. Notwithstanding this, both have been sending letters dated Moosh. Bitlis, Van, and Erzeroum. The whole thing bears upon its face the evident intention to produce a scare either for the benefit of the papers interested or for the political benefit of England.

A deputation of the Anglo-Armenian Association called upon the Earl of Kimberley at the Foreign Office to-day and urged that action be taken by the Government dealing thoroughly with the matter of the Armenian outrages, and expressed hope that such action would not be read:

Only members of clubs belonging to this association, subscribers for the season thereto, and those entitled subscribers for the season thereto, and those entitled use of the links in who her labour or all set club to the use of the links in who her labour or all set of the labour of the l with the matter of the Armenian outrages, and expressed hope that such action would not be put off longer by Turkish promises and delays. Lord Kimberley expressed the deepest sympathy with the cause advocated by the deputation, but said he would not employ stronger language because of his official position. The real object of the Government in connection with the matter he said was to make accept the little programment in the connection with the matter he said was to make accept the little programment in the connection with the matter he said was to make accept the little programment in the little programment

The Easex County Club of Manchester, Mass., and the Philadelphia Country Club of Philadelphia, were elected associate members, and the Richmond Country Club of Staten Island was elected an "allied" member.

The Easex County Club of Staten Island was elected an "allied" member.

The Easex County Club has a membership of over 200, a fine 18-hoic course and club house, and is spending this year about \$40,000 in improvements. The Philadelphia Country Club has a membership of about 500, a fine club house, and a good 5-hole course. The Richmond County Country Club of Staten Island can be so easily reached from the clty that it will be sure to appeal to the lovers of the game in New York; it has a membership of nearly 200, a fine 9-hole course about 13p miles in length, and a very comfortable club house at Grassmere, near Stapleton, S. I.

Outside of the election of new members the principal feature of the meeting was the announcement by President Theodore A. Havemeyer that he had decided to present a \$1,000 champlonship cup to the association. The cup is to be held by the club of which the winner of the amateur championship is a member.

The following clubs are now members of the association:

Chicago Golf Club, Calcago, Ill.; Essex County Club. The Essex County Club of Manchester, Mass, and the Philadelphia Country Club of Philadel

association:
Chicago Golf Club, Chicago, Ill.: Essex County Club,
Manchester. Mass.: Country Club, Brookline, Mass.;
Newport Golf Club, Newport, R.I.: Philadelphia Country Club, Pailadelphia Country Club, Pailadelphia. Pa.: 38. Andrews Holf Club,
Yorkers, N. V.: Shinnecock Hills Golf Club, Southampton, L. I.: Richmond Country Club, and Staten Island Glub.

1893, upon passenger traffic to America by all lines. British and foreign, had been over £1,250,000. He maintained that the Cunari Company had held their own. The policy of building the Lucania and Campania had been singularly successful, the revenue from saloon passengers having increased £84,000, though the second cabin and steerage traffic had been seriously impaired. GOSSIP OF THE BICYCLE RIDERS. What Wheelmen Think of Johnson's

Arthur A. Zimmerman, the professional rider. has not succeeded in arranging any plans for a match race with H. Houben, the Helgium rider, as yet. His offer to ride for a \$5,000 purse still stands, and Zimmerman declares himself ready to depart for France as soon as he receives word that Houben will race him for that amount. Harry Wheeler, the American professional, who is now in France, is acting for Zimmerman on

Harry Wheeler, the American professional, who is now in France, is acting for Zimmerman on the other side, it is thought, and is trying to arrange the match. If Zimmerman would agree to race for a \$2,500 purse it is believed that a match could readily be arranged; but it is extremely doubtful, if the American racing man sticks to the original figures, that a match will be made between the two riders.

The action of the employers of John S. Johnson, the class Bracing man, in refusing to consent to his departure for France to race as a professional was widely discussed by wheelmen yesterday. It is a well-known fact that Johnson has been negotiating with parties in France for several months regarding his desertion of the amateur ranks. A prominent wheelman said yesterday that Johnson's latest statement that he is a professional and cannot race further in this country as an amateur is at variance with his former declarations that he always abided by the rules of the League of American Wheelman, Johnson has always been recognized as fond of winning valuable prizes, and wheelmen are not surprised at his desire to go abroad, where he believes he can make considerable money. Whenever called upon by the Racing Board of the League of American Wheelmen, in the investigation of any violation of the League rules. Johnson has always maintained that he rode atrictly according to the L. A. W. amateur definition, which is a direct contradiction of his present statement.

FOR WEAK LUNGS Use WINCHESTER'S HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME and SODA

Bronchitis, Nervous Prostration, Byspepsia, Loss of Vigor

and Appetite, and diseases arising from poverty of the blood. It is unequalled as a vitalizing

IVORY SOAP

Wash doilies and other silk embroideries in a strong suds of Ivory Soap, press with a hot iron on the wrong side while they are quite wet. Use no starch.

THE PROOTER & GAMBLE CO . CINTL

BAR ASSOCIATION'S NEW HOME. to Cost Over 8450,000.

Architect Cyrus L. W. Eidlitz has nearly finished the plans for the new club house to be erected by the Bar Association on West Fortyfourth street. The plot on which it will be built has a frontage of 85% feet on Forty-fourth and 52% feet on Forty-third street, with a depth of 260 feet, and is at present occupied by the stables of the Sixth Avenue Railroad Company. The club takes title on May 1, when the work of tearing down the present building and erecting the new one will be begun. The cost of the lot was \$203,550.

The plans call for a building that will fill the whole lot except the space taken by two courts in the middle. It will be made of Indiana sand-stone and be of classic design. The main façade of the building will face on Forty-fourth street and will be three stories in height. The top story will be devoted to the library of the association, which contains 100,000 volumes. The extreme dimensions of the room, which will be in the shape of a cross, will be 80x84 feet. It will be 40 feet high. It will be lighted by windows in a clere story supported by fourteen marble columns.

On the ground floor, running from Forty-third to Forty-fourth street, is to be a hall thirty feet in width, lined on either side with columns. There will be two open courts on either side of the hall for light and ventilation. Between the courts are to be two staircases, one leading to the Forty-fourth street part of the house, the other to the Forty-third street part.

On the first floor on Forty-third street will be the reading and smoking rooms and the committee and reference rooms. On the second floor will be the meeting room, which will be twenty-eight feet high, and will occupy the whole of the floor. On the third floor will be kept all the rare books and books that are selitom called for.

The first floor of the Forty-fourth street side will contain the effices and reception and lounging rooms, and on the second floor will be the supper rooms.

In the basement will be steam heating, electric light, and power plants. The building is to be steam-heated and fireproof throughout. It is to be finished in marbles and hard woods, will have electric elevators and all the conveniences of a modern club house. The cost will be \$250,000.

The Bar Association, which has at present a membership of 1.300, occupies a roomy, old-fashioned brick house at 7 West Twenty-ninth street. In moving up to Forty-fourth street, it has only followed the lead of other clubs. On West Forty-third street, in the same block, are the Century and Racquet clubs, and in West Forty-fourth street are the St. Nicholas and llarvard clubs. and will be three stories in height. The top

WENT TO JERSEY AND MARRIED The Expedition of Mr. White and Miss De

certificate of the marriage of Francis Egan White to Olive Theoretta De Garmo by the Rev. Dr. Robert M. Luther of the South Baptist Church, Newark, on March 6, was filed in the Bureau of Vital Statistics in Newark yester day morning.

The certificate said that White was 21 years 5 months old, that he was a bookkeeper and lived at 203 West Ninety-fifth street, New York,

and that the bride was 18 years 4 months old and that the bride was 18 years 4 months old and lived at 70 West Eighty-eighth street, also this city.

It seems that this marriage was the subject of inquiry at the Newark City Hall on March 10. On that day two well-dressed women asked of Clerk George Dicker, who has charge of the vital statistics, to see the marriage record. They said they were looking for the record of the marriage of Frank White, who, they said, had been married in Newark the week before. One of the women said she thought her 15-year-old daughter had been married to a painter, 19 years old, who was the son of the younger of the two womens.

years old, who was the son of the younger of the two women.

It seems that Dr. Luther wished to be sure of the facts as to the couple he married, because he had them affirm that they were "I and 18 years old respectively, which affirmation was recorded on the back of the certificate.

Miss De Garmo lived with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. F. De Garmo, at 70 West Eightyeighth street. "The young folks are married, and that's all there is to it," said a lady at this house last night.

house last night.

Mr. White was not at 203 West Ninety-fifth street. A man in the White household said the marriage had taken place, and that the couple returned to the city the day of the marriage. He said there was a little commotion at first

OUR OLD CHARTERS SAFE ENOUGH, Kept in the Comptroller's Office and Not in the City Library.

The original parchment Dongan and Montgomeric charters, which the committee of the Gneslogical and Biographical Society couldn't

tinealogical and Biographical Society couldn't find in the City Library, have come to light. Comptroller Fitch read the report of the committee in the morning papers yesterday, and then sat down and wrote a letter to Mayor Strong, in which he said:

"It has for many years been well known to all lawyers interested in municipal matters that the original parchment Dongan and Montgomeris charters, with the original seals, are kept in a tin box in a safe in the Comptroller's office. Both of these most interesting documents are, considering their age, in a state of excellent preservation, and are most carefully cared for and protected. I should be greatly pleased to have the committee, with whose labors I sympathize most sincerely, call at this office and examine the charters."

Mr. Fitch added that he agreed, as every New Yorker must, in the recommendation of the

NEW JERSEY LAWS.

Gov. Werts Signs a Batch of Thirty-Some TRENTON, March 29.-The Governor signed a batch of thirty bills to-day. Among them were

the following measures: Fixing a penalty of \$300 for wearing any insignia of the National Guard by persons having no membership in the organization; appointing a Commission to erect a State Reformatory, and appropriating \$100,000 for foundation excavations; making it a miademeanor to soil impure ice; requiring industrial insurance companies to give paid-up or cash surrender policies after premiums have been paid for three years. Reducing the beer bottling license fee to \$75 in irst-class cities and to \$50 in second-class cities; appropriating \$10,000 to the State Tuberculosis Commission for expenses and payment of appraised value of slaughtered animals; requiring chosen Freeholders in each county to keep the macadam and stone roads in repair; creating a Signal and Telegraph Corps to be attached to each brigade of the National Guard.

Fishing Schooner Samuel V. Colby Prob-GLOUCESTER, Mass., March 29. Nothing has

been heard of the schooner Samuel V. Colby, which sailed from Fortune Bay, N. F., on Feb. 2 with a cargo of frozen herring, bound for this with a cargo of frozen herring, bound for this port. She is now given up as lost. She was a vessel of ninety-five tons measurement, owned by David S. Smith & Co., was built at Essex in 1855, and was commanded by John Vibbert. The other members of the crew were John and Peter McLean, brothers; Alexander McDougal, George Hamilton, Albert Bennett, Harry McIntosh, This makes four vessels that have been lost in the herring fishing this winter. The crews of the others were saved.

Gen. Trucy Off to Italy. Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy will sail for Europe

this morning on the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II. Gen. Tracy has been in poor health and on the advice of his been in poor health and on the advice of his physician has decided to cast off business cares for an indefinite period.

"I am going straight to Genoa," said Gen. Tracy to a Sux reporter last night, "and I will spend April, May, and June in the northern part of Italy and the rest of the summer in Switzerland. The mountain air has always agreed with me, and, although I expect to return in the early fail, I shall certainly not return until I get my health and strength back again."

ad Appetite, and diseases arisins from poverty of the bod. It is unequalted as a vitalizing their value for th

"COME-ONS" FROM WORCESTER.

Detectives Doyle and McNally noticed three men yesterday morning loitering around Exchange place, Jersey City, near Taylor's Hotel were respectably dressed, and seemed to be visits to the neighboring saloons with visits to they did not have the appearance of "come-ons" the detectives suspected that they might

be, and kept a close watch upon them. As the hours passed the strangers seemed to grow impatient, and their visits to the telegraph office became more frequent. They also kept filling themselves up with drinks. About 4:30 o'clock P. M. the detectives concluded to take them to Police Headquarters on suspicion. The result proved that the detectives had not made any mistake.

The men hailed from Worcester, Mass., and were here to get green goods. They had money to buy the goods and a formidable array of deadly weapons to enforce delivery if they found that any swindle was being attempted.

The prisoners are George Salmaian, a shoemaker, 22 years old; Walter Ryan, a painter, 22 years old, and Karl Karselle, 25 years old, with no occupation. Between them they had nearly \$400 in cash and return tickets to Worcester, Karselle and Salmaian are natives of Armenia.

S400 in eash and return tickets to Worcester. Karselle and Saimaian are natives of Armenia. The latter was armed with a six-barrelled building revolver and every chamber was loaded, Ryan had an old-fashioned bowle knife and Karselle was provided with a big double-edged dirk about a foot long.

They had the usual green-goods correspondence, with instructions to wait in Jersey City until they heard from their correspondent.

They said they had made up their minds not to be swindled. They had come prepared to take back the money at all hazards. As Chief Murphy looked at the array of deadly weapons lying on his desk, he remarked that it was probably fortunate for the green-goods awindlers that they had missed their appointment with the "come-ons." The prisoners will be arraigned in the Greg-ory Street Police Court this morning.

TAMSEN'S COUNTY PHYSICIAN.

His Name Cut Off the Pay Roll and the Aldermen After His Place, Sheriff Tamsen is again in distress, this time over the appointment of a county physician who is detailed for duty to Ludlow street jail. The

duties of the county physician are light and his salary is \$1,000. For a number of years Dr. John B. Cosby, a friend of ex-Mayor Grant, held the place. Dr. Cosby was replaced soon after Tamsen came in by Dr. Hermann Hackeling of 40 Seventh street, who is said to be Mr. Tamsen's family physician.

The Republican majority in the Board of Aldermen discovered last month that the Consolidation act gave the appointment of the county physician to the Board of Aldermen, not to the Sheriff. Comptroller Flich was informed of the discovery, and he ordered the name of Dr. Hackeling stricken from the February pay roll for the Sheriff's office. This was done, but the Doctor has gone right on attending to his duties and his name appeared on the March pay roll only to be stricken off by the Comptroller yesterday. Meantime the Sheriff's working all the wires he can to get the Board of Aldermen to confirm his appointee.

It has been contended for Tamsen that the special Sheriff's act of 1890 repealed the Consolidation act so far as related to the appointment of a county physician, but this is denied by the Aldermen's counsel. John B. Cosby, a friend of ex-Mayor Grant, held

John W. Cary, general counsel of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company. died yesterday in Chicago. He had been the chief legal advisor of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company since 1859. Until 1887 he was the general solicitor of that company, at which time the Board of Directors created the office of General Counsel, and he was then chosen to that place. Mr. Cary was born in Vermont on Feb. 11, 1817. When he was 14 years old his father removed to the State of New York, Young Cary graduated at Union College in 1842 and was admitted to the bar of the Supreme Court of that State in 1844. In 1859 he went to Milwaukee to take charge of the legal husiness of the St. Paul Company. He lived in Milwaukee until the year 1830, when the general offices of that company were removed to Chicago. Mr. that company were removed to Chicago. Mr. Cary was one of the last of the early officials of the St. Paul Company, surviving Alexander Mitchell, S. S. Merrill, Julius Wadsworth, John C. Gauit, A. V. H. Carpenter, H. C. Atkina, Daniel Olin, and all of his old-time associates. His wife and seven children survive him.

His wife and seven children survive him.

Louis Bancel Binsse, a wealthy retired merchant, who was well known in business circles in this city thirty years ago, died on Thursday at his residence, 40 West Nineteenth street, He was 77 years old. He came from an old French family, whose name was Binsse de Saint Victor. The family was of Irish extraction. Mr. Binsse married Miss Della Carpenter of Philadelphia, who survives him, and he leaves seven children. These are Mrs. Schuyler Nellson Warren of 40 West Nineteenth street, the Misses Emily and Nelle P. Binsse, Louis E., Henry L., and Charles W. Binsee, Mr. Binsse was a member of the Roman Catholic Church, and the funeral services will be held this morning at 10 o'clock in the Church of St. Vincent de Paul.

Alfred J. Boens, who for many years was

this morning at 10 o'clock in the Church of St. Vincent de Paul.

Alfred J. Boens, who for many years was manager of the Duke's House and Inter of the Hotal Royal, Hoboken, died yesterday morning of pneumonia. Mr. Boens was 34 years old, and was a native of Touraine, France. He was appointed Mayor's aid by ex-Mayor Stanton of Hoboken and reappointed by Mayor Fagan. The remains will be taken to Tannersville, N. Y., this morning for interment.

Albert E. House died yesterday of malignant diphtheria, after a week's illness, at his home, 102 Monroe street, Brooklyn, in his 40th year. He was the principal salesman in the firm of Tingue, House & Co. of 56 Reade street, this city. He was active in Republican politics in the Twenty-third ward.

Samuel D. Hsines died yesterday morning at

the Twenty-third ward.

Samuel D. Haines died yesterday morning at his home. 6:30 Montgomery street. Jorsey City, Mr. Haines was 61 years oid. He was admitted to the bar in New Jersey in 1864, and was afterward admitted in this State. Death resulted from typhoid fever.

Capt. E. J. Kindier of the Eleventh Separate Company, N. G. S. N. Y., died at his residence in Mount Vernon yesterday afternoon of pneumonia. Capt. Kindier was 40 years of age and a prominent Mason. For over twenty years he had been identified with military companies.

The thermometer at Perry's pharmacy, See building, recorded the temperature yesterday as follows: eastern New York, partly cloudy weather and light local showers; winds shifting to easterly; slightly warmer in southern New York.

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Physical Debility, and all Diseases and Weak
ness of May. CURES old. Constitution is
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